Agent-Based Modelling Simulation (ABMS) Research Opportunities for Pest Control and Marine Resource Management in Açores





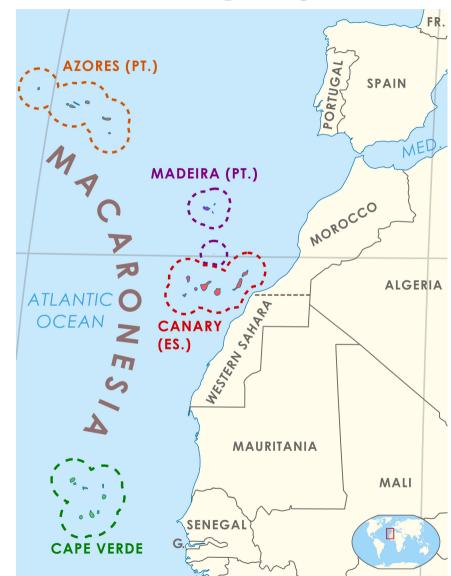
José Cascalho (jmc@uac.pt)

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Overview

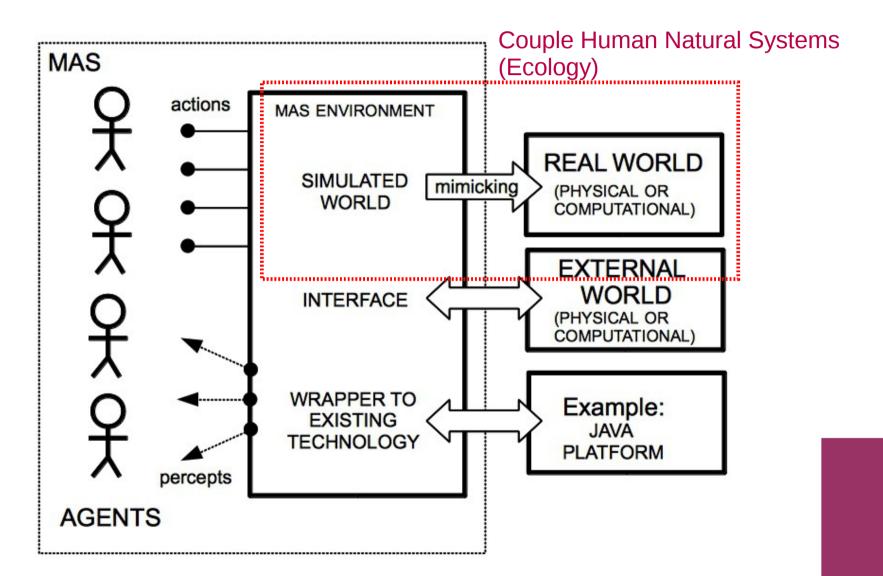
- Açores Geographic Location
- Agent-Based Modelling Simulation
- ABMS Research Opportunities in Azores
- Pest control: Termites example;
- Resources Sustainability: The Azorean Sea;
- Research Groups & Opportunities: FCT, RIS3 Açores (Regional Program);

Azores Geographic Location



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Agent Based Modelling and Simulation



ABMS Research Opportunities in Azores

- Biodiversity: The conservation of the fauna and flora in the islands and sea;
- Risk assessment & mitigation: A monitoring of the volcanic activity and risk assessment & mitigation for earthquakes or land slid events;
- Pest Control: The pests (rats, termites) are serious threats to the agriculture and to the built cultural heritage (e.g. Angra do Heroísmo);
- Marine Resources Management: The overexploitation of fish resources puts in risk (local) economy, the ecosystems and the biodiversity.

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Pest Control: Termites example

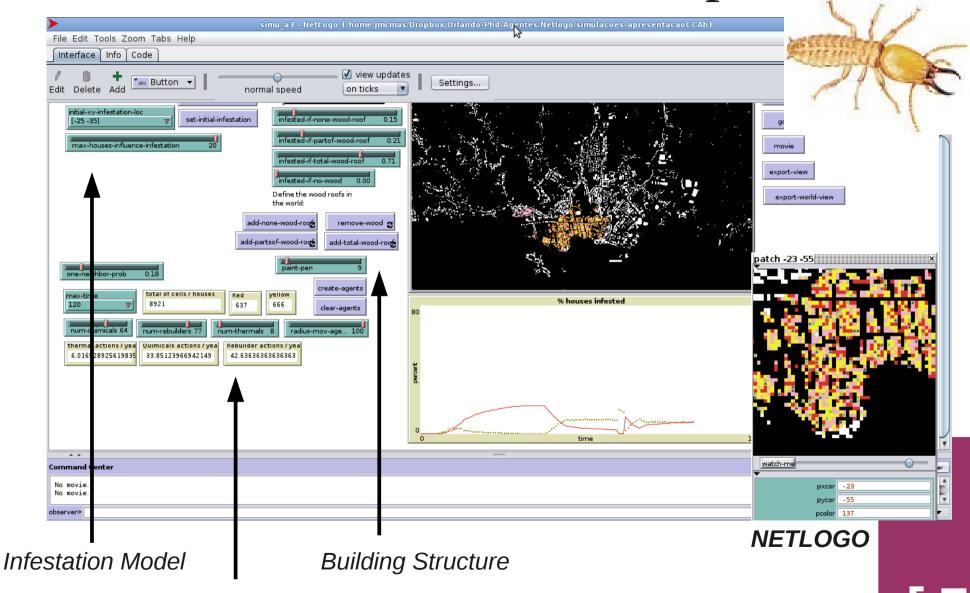
ECONOMIC/SOCIAL PROBLEM:

- Termites eat Wood (drywood termite Cryptotermes brevis);
- Damage (destruction) the building structure that needs to be replaced or treated;
- House owners replace wood by concrete (architecture heritage at risk);

RESEARCH CHALLENGES:

- Simulate the Spread of the pest (biology, spread model);
- Study the different scenarios for pest control (heat, chemicals, wood replacement);
- Evaluate (predict) the costs (€, architecture heritage);
- Promote the pro-active participation of the inhabitants (social target);

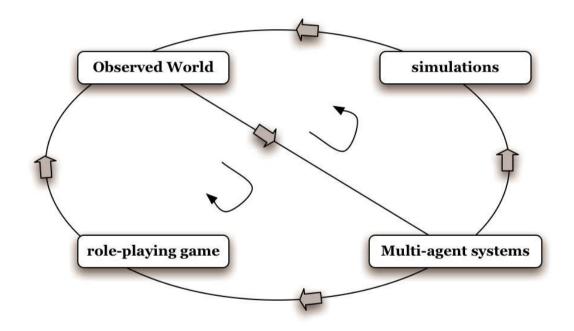
Pest Control: Termite spread



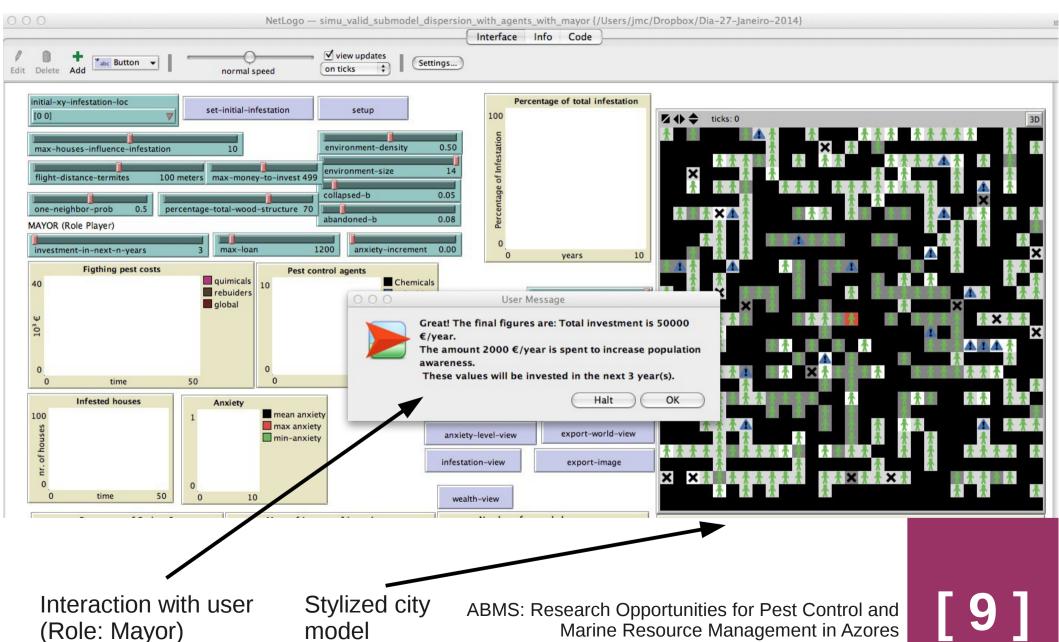
Pest-Control AGENTS

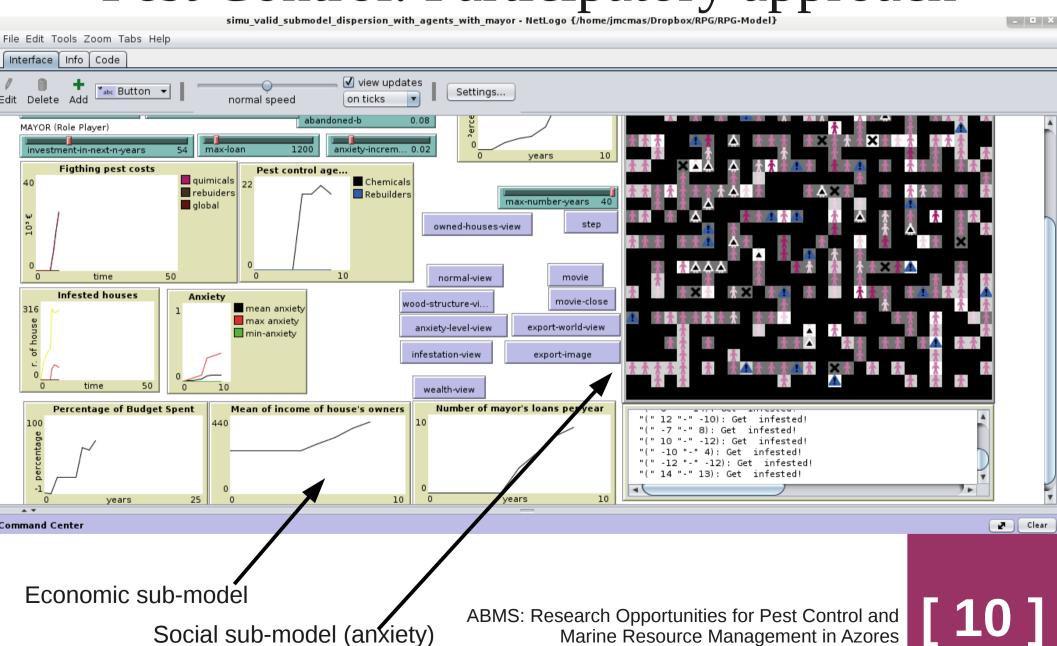
ABMS: Research Opportunities for Pest Control and Marine Resource Management in Azores

Participatory Approach:



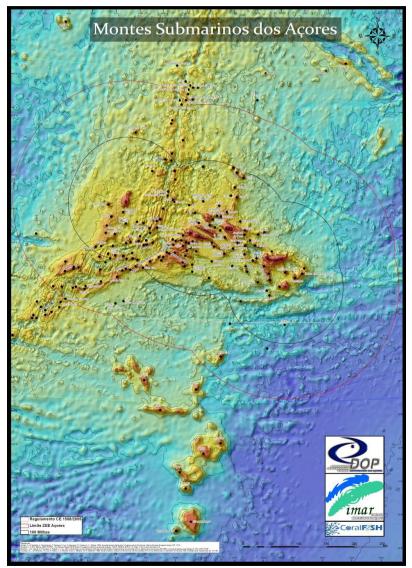
(Barreteau et al. 2001)





- Different roles in a Game:
 - Mayor;
 - Inhabitant;
 - Local authority (Government department);
- Players' decision-making (when? Why? How?):
 - Investment (middle term, long term);
 - Inhabitants behaviours (e.g. close the window during infestation period);
 - Demands for economic support (loans, public investment);
 - Protection laws (e.g. control certificate against termite infestation)

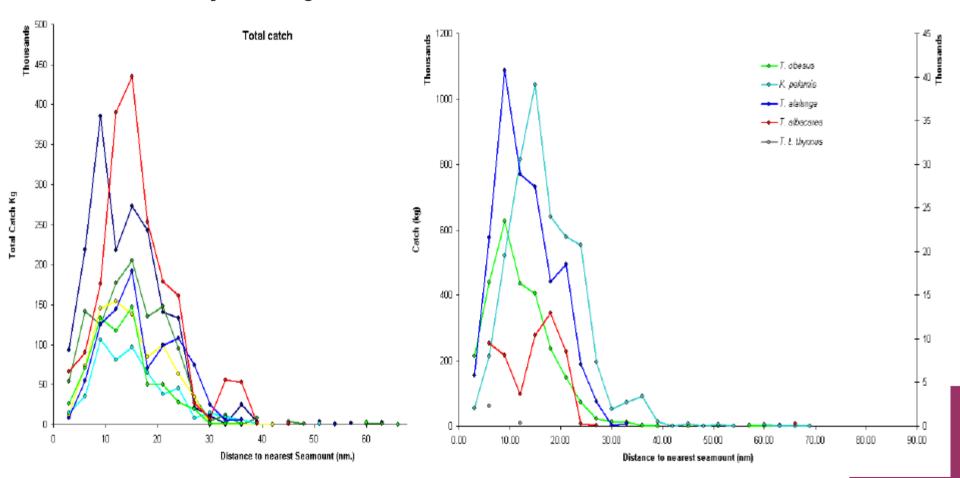
Marine Resource Management



In Serrão Santos, "Maritime spatial planning: An opportunity for sustainability in fisheries and aquaculture Brussels - 30 May 2013

Marine Resource Management

Extractive activity: Fishing



In Serrão Santos, "Maritime spatial planning: An opportunity for sustainability in fisheries and aquaculture", Brussels - 30 May 2013.

Marine Resource Management

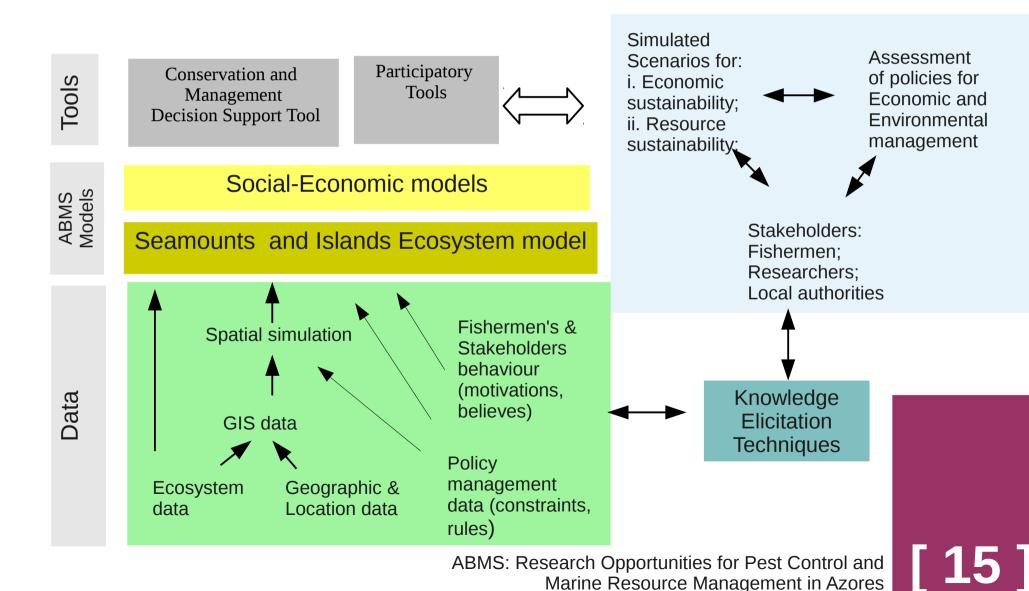
ECOLOGICAL/ECONOMIC/SOCIAL PROBLEM:

- Overexploitation of seamounts (fish stocks reduced, species & ecosystem endangered);
- Local economy dependent from local species vs. Conservative measures demands to close fishing grounds;

RESEARCH CHALLENGE:

- Integrate data from fish landings, fishing effort, fish ecology and biology, sea surface temperature, biodiversity and other environmental variables
- Tools for Resource Management:
 - Scenarios for different management options (e.g. closing fishing ground areas during a period of time)
 - Participatory management (stakeholders, fishermen, researchers, local authorities);

Modelling & Simulation of Resource Management and Sustentability of Seamounts in Azorean Sea - MoSSea



Research Groups & Opportunities

Pest Control – Participatory Approach;

Project <u>to be</u> submitted to Regional Call – Direção Regional da Ciencia e Tecnologia April/May 2015;

Research Group:

- LabMAg & Azorean Biodiversity Group (http://www.gba.uac.pt/)
- Modelling & Simulation of Resource Management and Sustentability of Seamounts in Azorean Sea

Project to be submited to **FCT** (and **RIS3 Açores**);

Research Group (in construction):

- LabMAg & IMAR/DOP (http://www.dop.uac.pt/investigacao)
- & Economy & Oceanography

Obrigado!

Publications

Orlando et al. (2013). Towards an Agent Based Modeling: The Prediction and Prevention of the Spread of the Drywood Termite Cryptotermes brevis, EPIA, pp. 480-491. (**TERMITES Spread modelling**)

Menezes, G. and Giacomello, E. (2013) Spatial and temporal variability of demersal fishes at Condor seamount (Northeast Atlantic). Deep-Sea Research II, 98, pp. 101-113. (CONDOR data)

Ressurreição, A. Giacomello (2013). Quantifying the direct use value of Condor seamount. Deep-Sea Research II, 98, pp. 209-217.(Socio-economic Conflit--> Participatory approach!)

• Emails:

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